

## ARGENTINA

### International Reserves/Foreign Currency Liquidity

(Information to be disclosed by the monetary authorities and other central government, excluding social security)<sup>1,2,3</sup>

05/31/2023

#### I. Official reserve assets and other foreign currency assets (approximate market value)<sup>4</sup>

	Monetary Authorities	Central Government
A. Official reserve assets	33,001.35	
(1) Foreign currency reserves (in convertible foreign currencies)	27,280.21	
(a) Securities	2,132.64	
of which: issuer headquartered in reporting country but located abroad		
(b) total currency and deposits with:	25,147.57	
(i) other national central banks, BIS and IMF	21,910.26	
(ii) banks headquartered in the reporting country	0.30	
of which: located abroad		
(iii) banks headquartered outside the reporting country	3,237.01	
of which: located in the reporting country		
(2) IMF reserve position	0.00	
(3) SDRs	1,607.26	
(4) gold (including gold deposits and, if appropriate, gold swapped) <sup>5</sup>	3,900.89	
—volume in millions of fine troy ounces	1.98	
(5) other reserve assets (specify)	212.98	
—financial derivatives	-4.55	
—loans to nonbank nonresidents	217.51	
—other	0.02	
B. Other foreign currency assets (specify)	0.00	
—securities not included in official reserve assets		
—deposits not included in official reserve assets		
—loans not included in official reserve assets		
—financial derivatives not included in official reserve assets		
—gold not included in official reserve assets		
—other		





IV. Memo items

(1) To be reported with standard periodicity and timeliness <sup>12</sup>	Monetary Authorities	Central Government
(a) short-term domestic currency debt indexed to the exchange rate		
(b) financial instruments denominated in foreign currency and settled by other means (e.g., in domestic	-3.378.68	
—derivatives (forwards, futures or options contracts)	-1.337.76	
—short positions	-1.337.76	
—long positions	0.00	
—other instruments	-2.040.92	
(c) pledged assets <sup>14</sup>	0.00	
—included in reserve assets		
—included in other foreign currency assets		
(d) securities lent and on repo <sup>15</sup>	-217.51	
—lent or repoed and included in Section I	-217.51	
—lent or repoed but not included in Section I		
—borrowed or acquired and included in Section I		
—borrowed or acquired but not included in Section I		
(e) financial derivative assets (net, marked to market) <sup>16</sup>	-4.55	
—forwards	-4.55	
—futures		
—swaps		
—options	0.00	
—other		
(f) derivatives (forward, futures, or options contracts) that have a residual maturity greater than one year.	0.00	
—aggregate short and long positions in forwards and futures in foreign currencies vis-à-vis the domestic currency		
(a) short positions (-)		
(b) long positions (+)		
—aggregate short and long positions of options in foreign currencies vis-à-vis the domestic currency		
(a) short positions	0.00	
(i) bought puts		
(ii) written calls		
(b) long positions	0.00	
(i) bought calls		
(ii) written puts		
(2) To be disclosed at least once a year		
(a) currency composition of reserves (by groups of currencies)	33.001.35	
—currencies in SDR basket	32.992.63	
—currencies not in SDR basket	8.72	
—by individual currencies (optional)		

**Footnotes:**

1. In principle, only instruments denominated and settled in foreign currency (or those whose valuation is directly dependent on the exchange rate and that are settled in foreign currency) are to be included in categories I, II, and III of the template. Financial instruments denominated in foreign currency and settled in other ways (e.g., in domestic currency or commodities) are included as memo items under Section IV.
2. Netting of positions is allowed only if they have the same maturity, are against the same counterparty, and a master netting agreement is in place. Positions on organized exchanges could also be netted.
3. See definition of monetary authorities in paragraph 21 of the Guidelines.
4. In cases of large positions vis-à-vis institutions headquartered in the reporting country, in instruments other than deposits or securities, they should be reported as separate items.
5. The valuation basis for gold assets should be disclosed; ideally this would be done by showing the volume and price.
6. Including interest payments due within the corresponding time horizons. Foreign currency deposits held by nonresidents with central banks should also be included here. Securities referred to are those issued by the monetary authorities and the central government (excluding social security).
7. In the event that there are forward or futures positions with a residual maturity greater than one year, which could be subject to margin calls, these should be reported separately under Section IV.
8. Only bonds with a residual maturity greater than one year should be reported under this item, as those with shorter maturities will already be included in Section II, above.
9. Reporters should distinguish potential inflows and potential outflows resulting from contingent lines of credit and report them separately, in the specified format.
10. In the event that there are options positions with a residual maturity greater than one year, which could be subject to margin calls, these should be reported separately under Section IV.
11. These "stress-tests" are an encouraged, rather than a prescribed, category of information in the IMF's Special Data Dissemination Standard (SDDS). Could be disclosed in the form of a graph. As a rule, notional value should be reported. However, in the case of cash-settled options, the estimated future inflow/outflow should be disclosed. Positions are "in the money" or would be, under the assumed values.
12. Distinguish between assets and liabilities where applicable.
13. Identify types of instrument; the valuation principles should be the same as in Sections I-III. Where applicable, the notional value of nondeliverable forward positions should be shown in the same format as for the nominal value of deliverable forwards/futures in Section II.
14. Only assets included in Section I that are pledged should be reported here.
15. Assets that are lent or repoed should be reported here, whether or not they have been included in Section I of the template, along with any associated liabilities (in Section II). However, these should be reported in two separate categories, depending on whether or not they have been included in Section I. Similarly, securities that are borrowed or acquired under repo agreements should be reported as a separate item and treated symmetrically. Market values should be reported and the accounting treatment disclosed.
16. Identify types of instrument. The main characteristics of internal models used to calculate the market value should be disclosed.

**Country Notes:**

- (a) The assets which make up the International Reserves of the Central Bank of Argentina cannot be attached, and should be applied, up to the amount determined by its Board of Governors, exclusively as established in section q) of Article 14th, of the Central Bank's Organic Charter. The stock of the "Monetary Liabilities" as at 05/31/23 is pesos equivalent in USD 34.318,62 million and its composition is as follows: "Monetary Base": pesos equivalent in USD 23.300,60 million ("Currency" pesos equivalent in USD 18.092,77 million; "Banknotes and Coins" pesos equivalent in USD 18.092,77 million and "Current Accounts Deposits in Pesos": pesos equivalent in USD 5.207,83 million), "Settlement Checks in Other Currencies and Certificates of Deposit for Investment" pesos equivalent in USD 22,86 million and "Current Accounts Deposits in Foreign Currencies" pesos equivalent in USD 10.995,16 million.
- (b) Financial derivatives in item I.A.5) includes European options, valued with the Black-Scholes method.
- (c) The Central Bank participates in a repurchase agreement pool offered by the Federal Reserve Bank as a way to invest small balances of the accounts. The amount of securities lent and repo agreements and Fed Funds on US government securities as at 05/31/23 is USD 217,51 million.
- (d) Item I.A.(5) Others of the Monetary Authorities, includes USD 0,02 million for Multilateral Credit Agreements.
- (e) Section II.1 of the Monetary Authorities, includes: Settlement Checks in Foreign Currency and Certificates of deposit for Investment USD 22,86 million, Current Accounts in Other Currencies: USD 10.995,16 million, Government Deposits in Other Currencies: USD 87,53 million, International Financial Institutions USD 3.000,92 million and Foreign Currency Obligations: USD 70,60 million.
- (f) Section II.2 - Monetary Authorities includes Currency Swaps positions.
- (g) Item II.3 includes: Repo operations in foreign currency for USD 1.808,34 million. From 12/31/22, Currency Swap positions are informed in Section II.2.
- (h) Section IV item b) Contracts and instruments are settled in domestic currency and, therefore, do not affect the level of International Reserves.